



Facts:
Collection
 Capacity of the landfill Khanh Son: 650 t/day
 88-89% is domestic waste
 11-12% is industrial waste
 1% comes from the medical sector (21 public medical hospitals generate 0.5t/day)
 source: 3R International, Kyoto Workshop on 3R and Waste Management, 2009, p.5

Masterplan / Strategies
Socio-economic Development Plan 2010-2020
 -2016-2020: The collection rate of solid waste reaches 95-98%, recycling rate up to 70%
 -2010-2020: Collect and treat 100% of solid waste by 2015 and recycle over 95% of solid waste by 2020.
Da Nang Green Growth strategy
 -"zero-waste society" could be realized in Danang City - As to the composition of discharged solid waste, biodegradable waste or kitchen waste shares 77-80%, and recyclable wastes such as plastics, paper, glass, metal, etc., share 10%. These two types of solid waste account for approximately 90% of the total.
 -City builds foundation for industrial hazardous waste management

RP Empowerment workshop results 2016
Objectives
 -only one small landfill by 2025
 -100% of waste is separated at source, collected and completely treated in a proper way
 -100% of hazardous waste, industrial wastes are collected and treated
 -landfill dumping is reduced by 35% end of 2016
 -waste transportation is in a timely manner and done in a sanitary way

Da Nang I Masterplan and current state sector waste for the Project Rapid Planning, preparation for Task 6.1, scenario writing, by TU Berlin, Katharina Lindschulte, DINA 0, M 1:40.000, UTM N49 24.08.2017 source: Masterplan 2025 with orientation to 2050, provided by David Quinque, source "DaNang_URENCO_waste collection routes.doc", supported by Hanh Vo, UN Habitat & Nguyen Thi Thich Thuy, audit & separation of compostable solid wastes at households, 2005

